

# The Weekly Arizona Miner.

VOL. XIV.—NO. 40.

PRESCOTT, ARIZONA, FRIDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 21, 1877.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

**THE ARIZONA MINER.**  
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.  
—BY—  
**CHAS. W. BEACH,**  
Editor and Proprietor.

The first number of the WEEKLY MINER was issued on March 1, 1864, and in this its thirteenth year, it can truthfully claim to be the oldest, and best newspaper in the Territory.

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One Copy, One Year, \$5.00  
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M. D. Trinity University, 1857.  
M. R. C. P. (Lond.) 1859.

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Gold, Silver and Lead Bullion and Ores of every description assayed and analyzed. All assays guaranteed. Office in building formerly occupied by A. & N. M. Express Co., Prescott.

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Assay and assay and forward all kinds of gold and silver bullion and ores of every description. All assays guaranteed. Office in building formerly occupied by A. & N. M. Express Co., Prescott.

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**C. P. HEAD & CO.,**  
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**RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THE PEOPLE OF NORTHERN ARIZONA THAT THEY NOW HAVE ON HAND, AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING THE**

**LARGEST, BEST SELECTED AND CHEAPEST STOCK OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE**

**EVER OFFERED FOR SALE IN THIS MARKET.**

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Silks, Calicoes, Linens, Lawns, Poplins, Alpaca, Hosiery, Shawls, Delaines, Reps, Flannels, Muslins, Merinos, Domestic, Ribbons, Gingham, Lace, etc.

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**Gold Dust, Gold and Silver Bullion, Wool, Hides,**

**MERCHANTABLE PRODUCTS OF THE COUNTRY.**

Prices at the Verde House the same as at Prescott, with additional freight added.

**NEW GOODS!! NEW GOODS!!**

**PIONEER STORE,**

**BEDROCK PRICES! BEDROCK PRICES!**

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**EVER BROUGHT TO THIS MARKET, COMPRISING**

**Men's, Youth's and Boys' Clothing,** Ladies' and Gents' Underwear, Men's and Boys' Hats, Hosiery and Handkerchiefs, Calicoes, Gingham, Alpaca, Cassimeres and Denims, Ladies' and Misses' Shawls, Embroidery Edging, Nottingham Lace, Etc., Etc., Etc.

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**TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON WORK**

**CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND MADE TO ORDER.**

**Staple and Fancy Groceries,**

**OF THE NEWEST AND CHOICEST DESCRIPTIONS, COMPRISING**

**Green, Black and English Breakfast Teas,** Mocha, Java and Rio Coffee, Mackerel, Salmon Bellies, Dried Beef, Smoked Salmon, Boneless Codfish, Buckwheat Flour, Canned Fruit, Cracked Wheat, Hominy, Oatmeal, Mushrooms, Cheese, Hams, Bacon, Alder Dried Fruits and Vegetables.

**Tobacco and Cigars, Wines, Liquors, Ale, Porter and Cider,** Saddles, Ox Whips, Blacksmoke, Collars, Harness Soap and Eureka Dressing, Saddle Mats and Cloths, Whip Lashes, Bows, Poles, Buggy Shafts, Hubs, Hobbles, Halters, Buckles, Snaps, Rings, Wagon Spokes, Fellos, Etc., Etc.

**All of which will be sold at Bedrock Prices, or exchanged for the Products of the Country.**

**PRESCOTT MEAT MARKET,**

**NORTHEAST CORNER OF THE PLAZA.**

**WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH THE PEOPLE OF PRESCOTT AND VICINITY WITH**

**Beef, Pork, Mutton, Etc.,**

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, AT FAIR, LIVING PRICES.**

**C. T. ROGERS & CO.**

**Prescott, Arizona, March 1877.**

**MISCELLANEOUS.**

**SAW MILLS, & C.**

**WILSON & HASSELL,**  
Sash, Door & Blind Factory.

**NEW MACHINERY,**

**Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mouldings,**

**Turning, Scroll-Sawing,**

**Planing and Matching**

**Furnishing Material & Building**

**A SPECIALTY.**

**ATTENTION!**

**THE CLIPPER MILLS**

**LUMBER-YARD.**

**On the West side of Granite Creek**

**Corner McCormick & Gurley Sts.**

**IN PRESCOTT.**

**Dressed Lumber, Shingles, Etc.,**

**AT THE LOWEST LIVING RATES.**

**SEASONED LUMBER**

**Always on Hand.**

**NEW SAW MILL.**

**Two and one-half miles South of Prescott**

**MERCHANTABLE,**

**CLEAR, SURFACED**

**AND RUSTIC LUMBER**

**MATCHED FLOORING,**

**Casings, Mouldings, Panelings**

**AND SHINGLES,**

**OF THE FINEST QUALITY.**

**FOR THE CONSTRUCTION**

**FIRST-CLASS BUILDINGS.**

**Terms—Cash on Delivery.**

**PIONEER**

**DRUG STORE,**

**PRESCOTT, ARIZONA.**

**Family Medicines,**

**PATENT REMEDIES**

**KAUTZ' TROOPS DOING WORK.**

**Forty-seven Indians Killed.**

A telegram this afternoon from the commanding officer at Camp Bowie, gives us the gratifying intelligence that the scouts from San Carlos in pursuit of the Warm Spring Indians, who were brought from New Mexico by Agent Clegg some three months since, and who last week left their reservation, and have overtaken by Rucker and Hanna near McAllister's ranch on the Upper Gila, and 47 of their number are positively known to have been killed.

These are the same Indians who raided so successfully on the citizens of Southern Arizona during last year and were the cause of much consternation and unpleasantness between the Civil and Military. It will be remembered that General Kautz contended during last winter and spring that these Indians were committing most of the depredations in Southern Arizona and living and receiving protection from the Warm Spring Agency in New Mexico. The civil authorities placed the depredations as these of Indians living in Arizona, and this went to the great credit of the General, who was at the time in his Department to commit murder and crime and that without an effort on his part to suppress or stop it. Subsequent developments proved that the murders and thefts were committed by New Mexico Indians, over whom General Kautz had no control. We say subsequent developments proved this because the plunder was found in the possession of these Indians and in every instance they were tracked into New Mexico. Agent Clegg, who wished to become a Second Napoleon, recommended the removal of these Indians to Arizona, and through bribery and fine promises, they were induced to come to the San Carlos where they, after a residence of three or four months, became restless and left for the mountains and probably plunder. They had no more than left San Carlos before the departure was known to the Military officer stationed at that Reservation and telegraphed to Headquarters, and soldiers started in pursuit which has culminated most satisfactorily. It will now be seen by every unprejudiced mind, that by having an officer of the army, stationed on the Indian Reservation at San Carlos, who will confer and report promptly, any outbreak of the red brethren who are supposed to live there that the Commanding General can take time by the forelock and great good result therefrom.

The Indians were making for the Chiricahua mountains at last accounts with the troops in pursuit, they having arrived at Soldier's Farewell.

Lieutenants Rucker and Hanna have done much hard and good service in the southern portion of our Territory and deserve great credit for the same. With a fair show we believe, General Kautz will satisfy the whole people, even those of Pima county, that he is equal to the emergencies, let them be ever so great.

**OSMAN PASHA—BOB BURNS.**

We have just received the following letter, which is in itself explanatory:

CAMP VERDE, Sept. 18th, 1877.

EDITOR MINER:—A short time since I saw an article in the Army and Navy Journal stating that Osman Pasha, of the Turkish army, was Bazine, a former Marshal of France. I know positively that this is not the fact. Osman Pasha is an American of Scotch parentage, and was born in Southfield, Mass., in 1834. We were schoolmates and bosom friends for years, and still correspond with each other. I have letters now in my possession written by him from Constantinople, dated March 12th, 1877. His true history is as follows:

At the age of sixteen, he arrived in San Francisco with his father, and I have track of him until 1852. He was then mining on Prairie diggings, one mile north of the Prairie House, and 13 miles from Marysville on the Foster's Bar road. He was next heard of as a drummer with the filibuster Walker at Nicaragua, and for his bravery was made Colonel of Infantry, and was Walker's chief counselor. After that celebrated fiasco he turned his steps Southward, and he is next heard of at Dahlonega, Georgia, operating in the gold mines, and at the breaking out of the war of rebellion, he was commissioned as Colonel of the 1st Georgia Cavalry, and served with distinction through the whole war. For several years after the close of the war he resided in Georgia, and in 1871, a story he resided on O'Farrell street, San Francisco, and was a member of the "Golden Gate Club," learned of his whereabouts, and correspondence was renewed. He received his title of "Osman" from the Sultan for quelling a riot, single-handed, at the Osman Bazaar, in 1870, when he was a Captain of the Sultan's body-guard; and since that time has received rapid promotion.

This is the fact in a nut-shell, and I can, when called upon, produce his letters signed "Osman Pasha," or your old friend Bob Burns; and also a photograph on which he has written "R. Burns." TIOS DENNY.

**THE RELIGION OF THE HINDOOS.**

The most ancient book known to the world is the "Vedas," which embodies the religious principles of the ancient Hindoos of India. If the oldest religion is to have the preference, as many contend that it should, on account of its antiquity, then this system should be considered the true one. The human soul, before being fully absorbed in God, has to pass through a series of transmigrations and journeys in different worlds and through the bodies of many different animals. Those who have not done well go to the Moon or Sun, and some return to the Earth and enter the bodies of dogs, worms and spiders. There are intermediate places between here and the Sun and Moon where the souls of those who were not very bad go and spend a season of probation. The purgatory of the Catholics was borrowed from this ancient religion.

The Vedas says: "If a man has done deeds that lead to the Sun he goes to that world, if to the Creator he goes to that world of the Creator." It reaches also that the world's souls go also to other worlds and enjoy themselves there according to the degree of their intelligence, and passing thence to other spheres they become purer and more enlightened.

The Egyptians borrowed this doctrine from the Hindoos and incorporated it into their religion. They embalmed the bodies of their relatives, because they believed the soul did not leave the body until it was entirely decomposed, hence the mummies we see in museums, and they wanted to keep the Spirits in the bodies as long as possible before starting on their peripatations through animals.

The Romans burned their dead in order to destroy the body at once and set the soul at liberty to proceed on its way to a higher destiny.

The ancient Greeks also had an idea of the transmigration of souls, borrowed from the Hindoos through the Egyptians. Pythagoras taught his followers not to eat flesh nor to abuse an animal, because, said he, it may contain the soul of your father or mother.

**KELLY & STEPHENS,**

**NEWS AGENTS**

**Boots, Shoes, Hosiery,**

**GENTS' UNDERWEAR,**

**Tobacco, Cigars, Confectionery**

**STATIONERY,**

**Fancy Goods, Yankee Notions,**

**Fixed Ammunition,**

**Guns, Pistols, Cutlery,**

**Back Goods, Figs, Dates,**

**Musical Instruments,**

**GARDEN SEEDS, ETC.**

**Cor. Montezuma and Garley Streets, Prescott, A. T.**

**MERCHANT TAILOR,**

**CHARLES NORTON.**

**Coyote Stock Ranch.**

**THOMAS D. SAUNDERS,**

**The Next World's Fair.**

A. Derre, Secretary of the Cerro Colorado Mill and Mining Company, writes us that he is in Correspondence with Professor A. Durand, who is now in Paris, and will remain there until after the World's Exposition in 1878, and who wishes to give Arizona a prominent place in that exhibition, in order that the people of Europe and the rest of the world may see what we have here to induce capital to come and see us. Mr. Derre, proposes to forward to Prof. Durand all specimens of ore or other products of Arizona, entrusted to him for that purpose. Parties having specimens of mines that they wish represented at Paris next year, can have it done promptly, by labeling the rock, and sending it by mail to A. Derre, 418 Vallejo street, S. F.

The Arch-Bishop of San Francisco, deceased and ordered the clergy under his charge, to hold solemn mass on the first day of this month, and to invoke the intercession of Saint Euligius, who by faithful prayer saved the faithful in Ascoli, Italy, from being crushed by falling walls, when all the enemies of the Church in that place were killed by the effects of an earthquake.

The object of this mass and invocation is to avert the happening of an earthquake in San Francisco during this year. If by this means they succeed in staying it off for this season, the Arch-Bishop proposes to take similar precaution annually, and thus prevent any further trouble, or apprehension of trouble on the score of earthquakes.

**DIARRHEA IS HOT COUNTRY.**—In New Remedies, Dr. Tait's prescribes for the diarrhea or hot countries, from 200 to 300 grains of lactose, or sugar of milk daily. He administers it in the simplest way—the sugar, dissolved in a little water, or as a draught in the course of the day. An excellent mode of administration consists in putting the dose of milk to be taken into half a liter or two liters of milk, according to the habits and the digestive capacities of the patient. The treatment is spread over several months, diminishing the dose as nutrition becomes more considerable and easier. According to M. Tait's little work (published by Gaccony Paris), the endemic diarrhea of hot climate is the result of a functional lesion of the liver, which results in the diminution and even the suppression of the glycogenic function of the liver. The sugar of milk may thus replace the glucose which is wanting in the blood.

**STRANGE INFANTICIDE.**—An old hen at Barnard's stables discovered a litter of young kittens the other day, immediately claimed them as her own, wouldn't listen to the expostulations of the mother cat, or of the men about the stable, but insisted on hovering and clucking to the kittens as if they were really the product of her own eggs, and she so continues to set and cluck, except when the men throw her out and shut her doors until she has a chance to feed her babies. As soon as the doors are open and she can get back goes at old tatty and makes the farly until she regains possession of the nest. Strange things are happening in these latter days. Old gold-broilers set on eggs and hatch young turkeys, old hens nurse young kittens, and what may we expect next, surely the world must be approaching its final consummation.

**Franks in Minnesota.**

The St. Paul Pioneer and Press has discovered that a grand system of fraud has for many years been in operation in the pine forests of Minnesota. Investigations into the operations of one year—which is admitted to be a pretty good year for stealing lumber—show that between 7,000,000 and 8,000,000 feet of logs have been cut on public lands, and appropriated for private uses. Some 20,000 cords of wood, and railroad ties beyond computation, have also been carried off by private parties. The scalings for this year are estimated at about \$100,000,000.

The most important discovery yet made public, as the result of astronomical observations of the planet Mars during its near approach to the earth on the 5th of this month, is the existence of two moons, which revolve about it like the one which light up the earth at night. These are the smallest satellites yet discovered, and the one whose orbit is nearest Mars is only about six thousand miles from the planet and makes a complete revolution in seven hours and thirty-eight minutes.

**JIM KEENE'S OPERATIONS.**—New York, September 8th.—The Indicator, a leading stock journal, says it is stated that Keene is borrowing \$15,000,000 upon the line of stock which he is carrying, and that his brokers stand in the gap of the loan; also, that the shrewd heavy speculators who bought with him, rather than buck against him, are seriously alarmed at the condition of the market, but are unable to unload. The public won't buy at present prices, and the boldest bear is afraid to sell short.

**COMMISSIONER OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.**—New York, Sept. 7th. A Tribune's Washington special says: The new Commissioner of Indian Affairs will be appointed to-day or to-morrow. All are satisfied that the President believes a change will be beneficial. If Smith will consent to take another position equally important and agreeable, for which he is better fitted, the change will be made at once.

**GOLD AND SILVER.**—The price of gold in New York closed on Saturday at 103 3/4. This shows that the country is almost on a gold basis. The discount on silver coin in California has lately declined, the price for half dollars on Saturday in that city being four per cent below gold.

Our delegate, Hiram S. Stevens, who has been stopping in San Francisco during the summer months, left on the 29th ult. for Washington, to be in attendance at the opening of the extra session of Congress which meets in October, at which time, we hope, Mr. Stevens will see to our wants in the line of more and better mail facilities.

**J. B. Crooks,** for over two years foreman in the wagon and carpenter shop at Fort Whipple, sold his furniture and tools at auction preparatory to a removal to his old home, San Francisco. Mr. Crooks was in the employ for many years, prior to his coming to Arizona, of the carriage manufactory of Kimball, of that city, and is counted an excellent mechanic.

Monday next will be the fast of Yom Kippur, or day of atonement. The Jewish feasts for this month are: The feast of Succoth, or Tabernacles; Saturday and Sunday 22nd and 23rd, Hoshannah; Friday, 28th, Feast of Shemini; Saturday, 29th, Feast of Simchas, or Tsrah, Sunday, 30th.

**EDITOR MINER.**—Ehrenberg, like a great many other receiving and shipping points, is extremely dull only on steamer days. But even on steamer day the freight is so quickly handled that the busy times are only of a short duration. The white population is only about fifty in all, the balance being made up of Mexicans and America's own, "the noble red," consisting of the Mohaves and the Chinlehuavis. As long as these noble warriors and faithful squaws have been thrown among the so-called cultivated and intelligent whites, they have by no means acquired an over amount of hostility. Such is the opinion of the writer, based on the style of dress. But yet, one must admit it looks like there must be a very comfortable attitude for this hot country.

I spoke of this place as being very dull, and rightly so, but there has been two things to happen in the last week to break the monotony. The first being trouble between the Mohaves and Chinlehuavis, each preparing for war; the latter sending their squaws and old men on the Arizona side of the Colorado, as the expected battle was to take place on the California side; but after a few hours of excitement all was restored to peace and quietness; so each family returned to their respective camps, rejoicing at the peaceful and happy conclusion. Now, the second was not quite so great as the first, it only being the departure of one of Japan's sons, who recently arrived here, en route to Yuma, on a small raft, of his own invention. Putting his blankets and provisions in a box, he pushed off for the middle of the stream, went along all right for about three miles when, by some unknown cause, overboard the raft, sending poor Jap, blankets and grub in the water. Now he thinks he does not want to go to Yuma. This traveling Jap was a few months ago chief of one of the culinary departments at Fort Whipple.

Now for quite a change of subject. We would say that if the great S. P. R. R., in all their grand workings, would send their freight that is consigned to the northern towns, on the same day, or very soon after its arrival at Yuma, it would add a vast amount to proper management.

McNeal's big team which left Prescott some three weeks ago, expecting to find freight already here on its arrival, has had to lay over all this time under a heavy expense, as his freight has not yet come. I came with the same expectations, have been here a week, and here now, and who knows how long I will be here. The boat was to have left on the 10th, but the welcome or unwelcome news came yesterday that she would leave on the 13th.

On the 10th, Howard, Lewis and Brown left for Prescott with Government freight. I am informed that the Colorado is as low as it ever gets, and yet they must have had very heavy rains above, as the water is very muddy.

**Ehrenberg, Sept. 12th, 1877.**

**WALKER'S LAKE.**—For some years people have had an idea that there was a body